

33. (Twice Amended) A liquid crystal display comprising:

- a first substrate having a pixel electrode;
- a second substrate having an opposed electrode;

a liquid crystal layer sandwiched between the first substrate and the second substrate and transmitted from a splay alignment to a bend alignment by applying a voltage between the pixel electrode and the opposed electrode;

a first alignment layer provided between the first substrate and the liquid crystal layer; and

a second alignment layer provided between the second substrate and the liquid crystal layer;

wherein at least either of the first alignment layer or the second alignment layer is an irregular alignment layer wherein a region of a surface of the irregular alignment layer above the pixel electrode has an irregular configuration, the surface of the first alignment layer being on a side of the liquid crystal layer.

34. (Twice Amended) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33,

wherein a region of a surface of the first substrate above the pixel electrode and a region of a surface of the second substrate above the opposed electrode are flat, the surface of the first substrate and the surface of the second substrate being on a side of the liquid crystal layer; and

C wherein the irregular alignment layer has a plurality of portions differing in thickness on the flat region, and a pattern of the irregular configuration corresponds to a disposition of the plurality of portions differing in thickness.

35. (Amended) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein the irregular alignment layer is formed by letterpress printing.

36. (Amended) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein the first substrate is an array substrate further having an electronic circuit;

wherein the first alignment layer is an irregular alignment layer formed such that the irregular configuration is formed on a

flattening film for flattening a surface of the array substrate on a side of the liquid crystal layer; and

wherein a pattern of the irregular configuration of the irregular alignment layer is different from a pattern of an irregular configuration of the array substrate on the side of the liquid crystal layer.

37. (Amended) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein the first substrate is a reflective substrate having a reflecting surface; and

wherein the reflecting surface has an irregular configuration.

38. (Amended) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein an electrode on which the irregular alignment layer is provided is an irregular electrode wherein a surface of the irregular electrode on a side of the liquid crystal layer has an irregular configuration, the electrode being either of the pixel electrode of the first substrate or the opposed electrode of the second substrate; and

wherein a pattern of the irregular configuration of the irregular alignment layer corresponds to the irregular configuration of the irregular electrode.

C/ 39. (Twice Amended) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display comprising a first substrate having a pixel electrode, a second substrate having an opposed electrode, a liquid crystal layer sandwiched between the first substrate and the second substrate and transmitted from a splay alignment to a bend alignment by applying a voltage between the pixel electrode and the opposed electrode, a first alignment layer provided between the first substrate and the liquid crystal layer, and a second alignment layer provided between the second substrate and the liquid crystal layer wherein at least either of the first alignment layer or the second alignment layer is an irregular alignment layer wherein a region of a surface of the irregular alignment layer above the pixel electrode has an irregular configuration, the surface of the first alignment layer being on a side of the liquid crystal layer, the method comprising:

forming an electrode irregular configuration on a surface of an electrode on which the irregular alignment layer is to be provided, the electrode being either of the pixel electrode of the first substrate or the opposed electrode of the second substrate by use of an UV usher, ozone usher, or UV/ozone usher; and

forming the irregular alignment layer having the irregular configuration with a pattern corresponding to a pattern of the electrode irregular configuration by applying a material of the irregular alignment layer on the electrode having the electrode irregular configuration.

40. (Twice Amended) A method of manufacturing a liquid crystal display comprising a first substrate having a pixel electrode, a second substrate having an opposed electrode, a liquid crystal layer sandwiched between the first substrate and the second substrate and transmitted from a splay alignment to a bend alignment by applying a voltage between the pixel electrode and the opposed electrode, a first alignment layer provided between the first substrate and the liquid crystal layer, and a second alignment layer provided between the second substrate and the

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liquid crystal layer, wherein at least either of the first alignment layer or the second alignment layer is an irregular alignment layer wherein a region of a surface of the irregular alignment layer above the pixel electrode has an irregular configuration, the surface of the first alignment layer being on a side of the liquid crystal layer, the method comprising:

adjusting a material of the irregular alignment layer by dispersing powder or fine particles into a printing varnish; and

forming the irregular alignment layer having the irregular configuration corresponding to a disposition of the powder or the fine particles by applying the material of the irregular alignment on a surface of either of the pixel electrode or the opposed electrode.

Cancel claims 41 to 49 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please add the following new claims 50 to 52:

(2) 50. (New) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein, in the irregular configuration of the irregular alignment layer, a largest level difference between a highest portion and a lowest portion is larger than a smallest thickness of the irregular alignment layer but smaller than an average thickness of the liquid crystal layer.

51. (New) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 50, wherein the largest level difference is larger than 0.1 μm but smaller than 0.7 μm .

52. (New) A liquid crystal display according to Claim 33, wherein at least either of the first alignment layer or the second alignment layer comprises powder or fine particles, and a pattern of the irregular configuration corresponds to a disposition of the powder or the fine particles.
